## **INDICES AND INDEX LAWS:**

Indices are numbers written on the top of a base number.

These terms are defined below:

- An expression  $a^n$  is called a *power*.
- The number *a* is called the *base*.
- The number n is called the *index* or *exponent*.

Thus  $2^3$  is a *power* with base 2 and index 3

We manipulate indices using index laws:

• 
$$x^0 = 1$$

$$\cdot \ x^{-n} = \frac{1}{x^n}$$

• 
$$x^n \cdot x^m = x^{n+m}$$

• 
$$x^n \div x^m = x^{n-m}$$

$$(x^n)^m = x^{n \cdot m}$$

$$\cdot \ x^{\frac{n}{m}} = \sqrt[m]{x^n}$$

1.3 WORKED EXAMPLE

Simplify:

$$\sqrt[3]{x^2} \times \sqrt[3]{x^4}$$

1.4 WORKED EXAMPLE

Simplify: